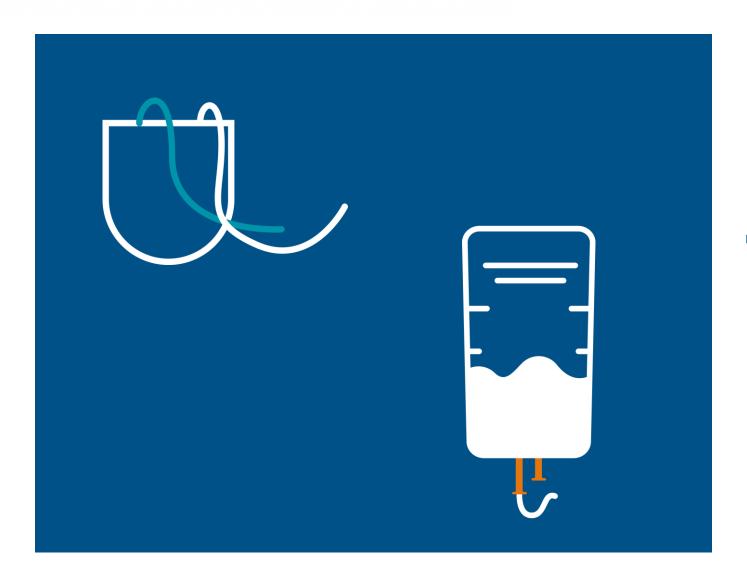
sequanamedical



Pioneers in the treatment of drug-resistant fluid overload

liver disease, heart failure & cancer

Investor presentation – November 2022

Euronext: SEQUA.BR

Disclaimers

Important Notice

IMPORTANT: You must read the following before continuing. The following applies to this document, the oral presentation of the information in this document by Sequana Medical NV (the "Company") or any person on behalf of the Company, and any question-and-answer session that follows the oral presentation:

- This presentation has been prepared by the management of the Company. It does not constitute or form part of, and should not be construed as, an offer, solicitation or invitation to subscribe for, underwrite or otherwise acquire, any securities of the Company or any member of its group nor should it or any part of it form the basis of, or be relied on in connection with, any contract to purchase or subscribe for any securities of the Company or any member of its group, nor shall it or any part of it form the basis of or be relied on in connection with any contract or commitment whatsoever. Prospective investors are required to make their own independent investigations and appraisals of the business and financial condition of the Company and the nature of its securities before taking any investment decision with respect to securities of the Company. This presentation is not a prospectus or offering memorandum.
- The information included in this presentation has been provided to you solely for your information and background and is subject to updating, completion, revision and amendment and such information may change materially. No person is under any obligation or undertaking to update or keep current the information contained in this presentation and any opinions expressed in relation thereto are subject to change without notice. No representation or warranty, express or implied, is made as to the fairness, accuracy, reasonableness or completeness of the information contained herein. Neither the Company nor any other person accepts any liability for any loss howsoever arising, directly or indirectly, from this presentation or its contents.
- The presentation also contains information from third parties. Third party industry publications, studies and surveys may also contain that the data contained therein have been obtained from sources believed to be reliable, but that there is no guarantee of the accuracy or completeness of such data. While the Company reasonably believes that each of these publications, studies and surveys has been prepared by a reputable source, the Company, or any of their respective parent or subsidiary undertakings or affiliates, or any of their respective directors, officers, employees, advisers or agents have independently verified the data contained therein. Thus, while the information from third parties has been accurately reproduced with no omissions that would render it misleading, and the Company believes it to be reliable, the Company cannot guarantee its accuracy or completeness. In addition, certain of the industry and market data contained in this presentation comes from the Company's own internal research and estimates based on the knowledge and experience of the Company's management in the market in which the Company operates. While the Company reasonably believes that such research and estimates are reasonable and reliable, they, and their underlying methodology and assumptions, have not been verified by any independent source for accuracy or completeness and are subject to change without notice. Accordingly, undue reliance should not be placed on any of the industry, market or competitive position data contained in this presentation.
- This presentation includes forward-looking statements that reflect the Company's intentions, beliefs or current expectations concerning, among other things, the Company's results, condition, performance, prospects, growth, strategies and the industry in which the Company operates. These forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties and assumptions and other factors that could cause the Company's actual results, condition, performance, prospects, growth or opportunities, as well as those of the markets it serves or intends to serve, to differ materially from those expressed in, or suggested by, these forward-looking statements. These statements may include, without limitation, any statements preceded by, followed by or including words such as "target," "believe," "expect," "aim," "intend," "may," "anticipate," "estimate," "plan," "project," "will," "can have," "likely," "should," "would," "could" and other words and terms of similar meaning or the negative thereof. The Company cautions you that forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and that its actual results and condition and the development of the industry in which the Company operates may differ materially from those made in or suggested by the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation. In addition, even if the Company's

- results, condition, and growth and the development of the industry in which the Company operates are consistent with the forward-looking statements contained in this presentation, those results or developments may not be indicative of results or developments in future periods. The Company and each of its directors, officers and employees expressly disclaim any obligation or undertaking to review, update or release any update of or revisions to any forward-looking statements in this presentation or any change in the Company's expectations or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which these forward-looking statements are based, except as required by applicable law or regulation.
- This document and any materials distributed in connection with this document are not directed to, or intended for distribution to or use by, any person or entity that is a citizen or resident of, or located in, any locality, state, country or other jurisdiction where such distribution, publication, availability or use would be contrary to law or regulation or which would require any registration or licensing within such jurisdiction. The distribution of this document in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law and persons into whose possession this document comes should inform themselves about, and observe any such restrictions.
- The Company's securities have not been and will not be registered under the US Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act"), and may not be offered or sold in the United States absent registration under the Securities Act or exemption from the registration requirement thereof.
- By attending the meeting where this presentation is presented or by accepting a copy of it, you agree to be bound by the foregoing limitations.

Regulatory disclaimer:

- The alfapump® system has not yet received regulatory approval in the United States and Canada. Any statement in
 this presentation about safety and efficacy of the alfapump® system does not apply to the United States and
 Canada. In the United States and Canada, the alfapump® system is currently under clinical investigation
 (POSEIDON Study) and is being studied in adult patients with refractory or recurrent ascites due to cirrhosis. For
 more information regarding the POSEIDON clinical study visit www.poseidonstudy.com.
- DSR® therapy is still under development and it should be noted that any statements regarding safety and efficacy arise from ongoing pre-clinical and clinical investigations which have yet to be completed. DSR® therapy is currently not approved for clinical research in the United States or Canada. There is no link between DSR® therapy and ongoing investigations with the **alfa**pump® system in Europe, the United States or Canada.

COVID-19 disclaimer:

- Sequana Medical is closely following the evolution of the COVID-19 global health crisis and is in constant dialogue
 with its partners to assess the impact and adapt operations accordingly.
- Sequana Medical has put in place mitigation plans to minimise delays. The impact of increased demands on the healthcare systems, limitations on non-essential hospital visits and procedures, social-distancing and travel restrictions may result in further delays to execution of clinical studies and impact sales.
- Sequana Medical will continue to update the market as needed and whenever possible.

Note:

alfapump® is a registered trademark. DSR® is a registered trademark in the Benelux, China, the EU, United Kingdom, and Hong Kong.

Strongly positioned in two large markets



- Proprietary technologies treating diuretic-resistant fluid overload
 - Key clinical problem in liver disease, heart failure, renal failure and cancer
 - Diuretic-resistance is common alternatives have significant disadvantages
- Strong granted IP portfolio

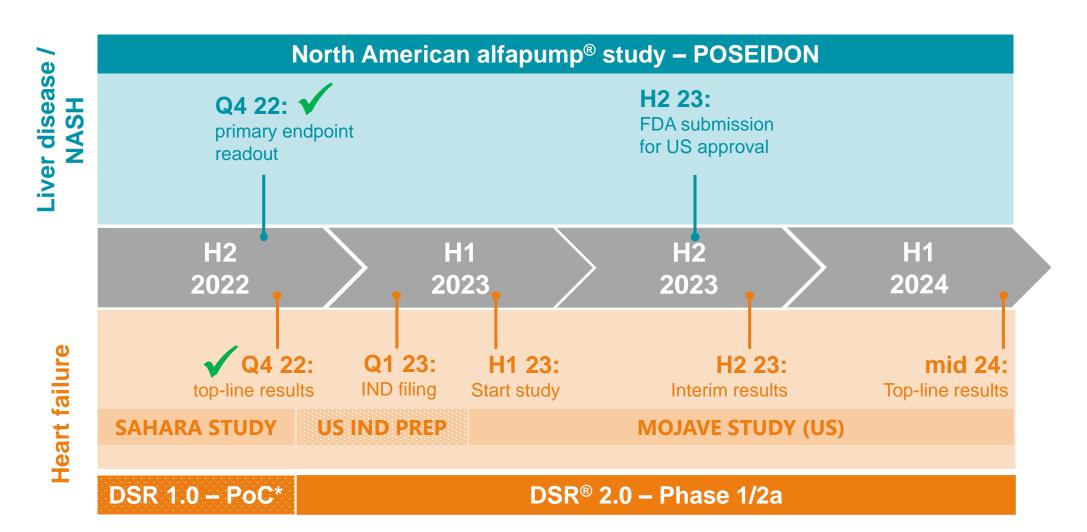


- alfapump® in liver disease market potential growing to over \$2 billion by 2032⁽¹⁾
 - NASH is changing liver cirrhosis market and driving growth
 - Approved in EU / FDA breakthrough designation in US
 - North American pivotal study met all primary effectiveness endpoints with statistical significance and primary safety endpoint data in line with expectations
 - Direct commercialization in US through salesforce targeting liver transplant centres



- DSR® in heart failure multi-billion market opportunity
 - Disease-modifying heart failure drug therapy
 - 1st generation DSR 1.0 clinical proof-of-concept with durable clinical benefits
 - 2nd generation DSR 2.0 strong IP, preparing US IND to start MOJAVE (Ph. 1/2a study in H1 '23)
 - Establish partnership based on MOJAVE readout

Strong outlook for value drivers



Note: Description and timing of these studies are subject to change and/or feedback from applicable regulatory authorities



alfapump

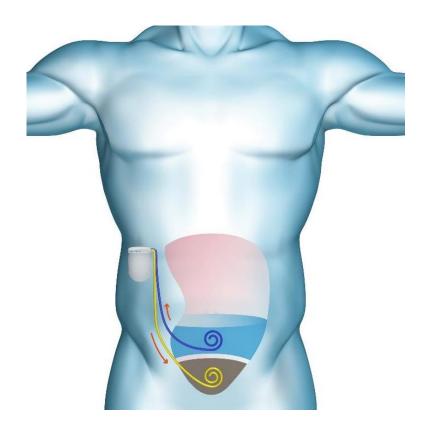
Eliminating fluid from the peritoneal cavity – working in partnership with the bladder

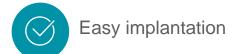


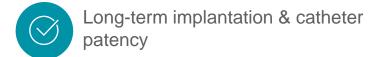




- Wireless battery charging
- Settings wirelessly adjusted
- Remote data monitoring

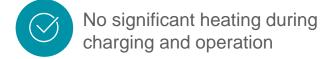






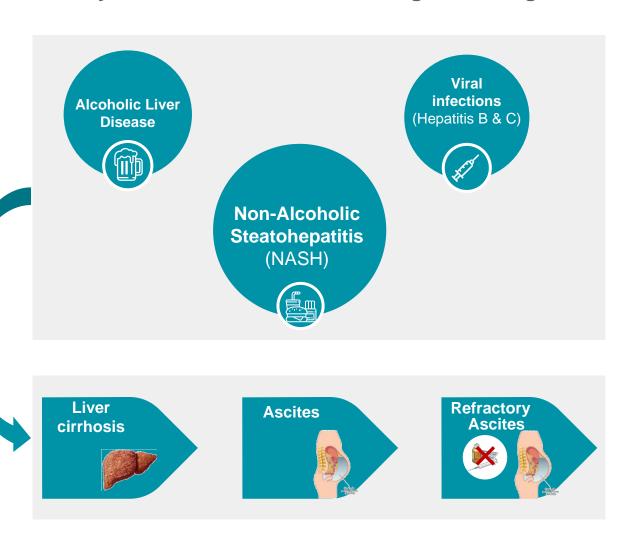


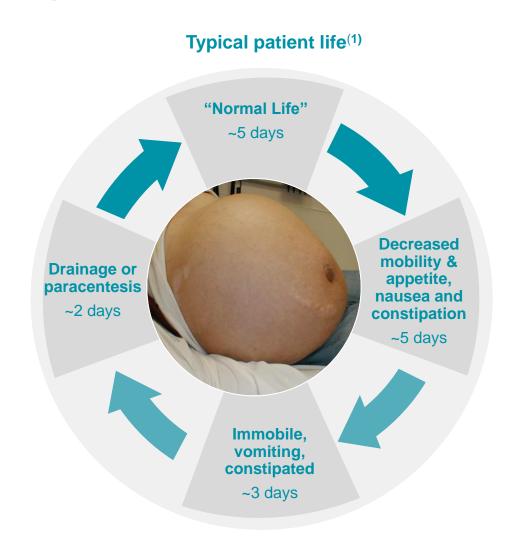




Refractory ascites - key complication of liver cirrhosis

Fatty liver disease / NASH is driving dramatic growth and change in attitudes to liver cirrhosis patients





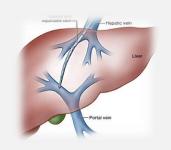
Limitations of existing therapies

Drainage ("Large Volume Paracentesis / LVP")



Painful, Poor Quality of Life, Short Term Benefit

Transjugular Intrahepatic Portosystemic Shunt (TIPS)



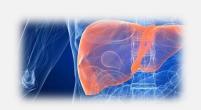
Complications,
Contraindications

Permanent Catheter System



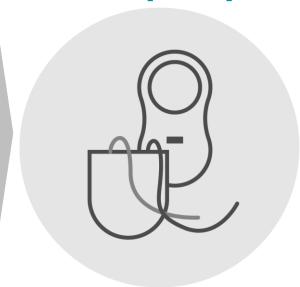
External Catheter, Risk for Infections / Blockage

Liver transplantation



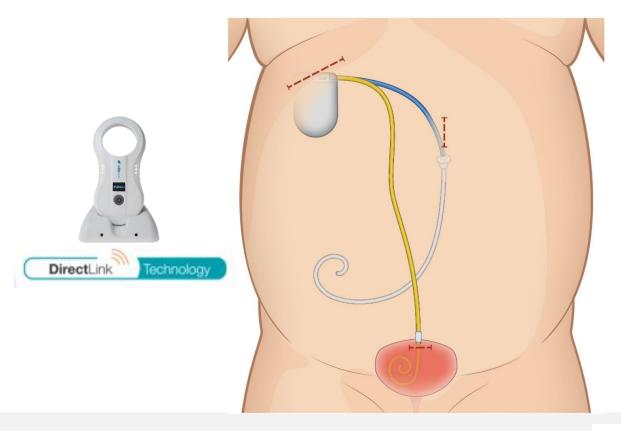
High Cost, Limited Availability

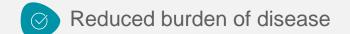
alfapump



alfapump strong clinical and economic rationale

Over 950 implants and hundreds of years of patient experience







Cost savings for hospitals and payers

Estimated treatment cost / patient*:

LVP: ~\$43K alfapump®: ~\$35K

~\$1.8K / LVP⁽¹⁾
1 LVP / month
24 months

~\$25K / alfapump

~\$10K / implantation

* Management estimate of US treatment costs, assuming no complications QoL: Quality of Life; LVP: Large Volume Paracentesis





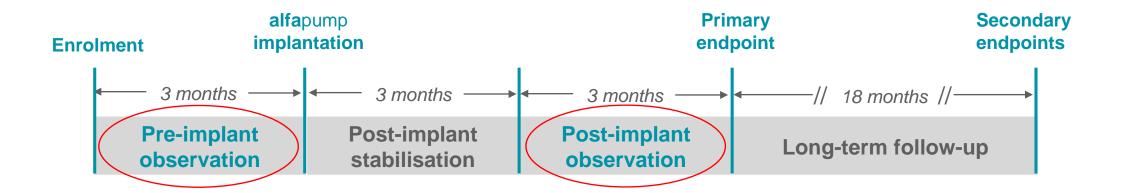






POSEIDON – North American pivotal study

Pivotal Cohort of 40 patients implanted with the alfapump



POSEIDON primary effectiveness endpoint hypotheses:

- 1) median per-patient ratio of post-implant three-month observation period to the pre-implant three-month observation period with respect to number of therapeutic paracentesis (TP) is less than 0.5 (or a median reduction of at least 50%)
- 2) at least 50% of patients achieve a 50% reduction in the requirement for TP in the same period

POSEIDON: Primary effectiveness endpoints met

Results substantially exceeded the predefined thresholds for study success

Pivotal Cohort N = 40	% *	p-value**
 Frequency of Therapeutic Paracentesis (TP) a. median per-patient ratio b. mean per-patient ratio 	100% reduction 82% reduction	P<0.001 Not applicable
2. Proportion of patients with a 50% reduction in number of TP post- vs pre-implantation	77% of patients	P<0.001

"These positive top-line results are very encouraging, indicating that the alfapump could provide great benefits to patients with cirrhosis and ascites, and dramatically reduce their visits to the hospital for paracentesis." – Dr. Wong, Principal Investigator POSEIDON

^{*} Using pre-specified imputation methods for 14 patients that had exited the study prior to completing the 6-month post-implantation period.

^{**} As per primary effectiveness endpoint hypotheses. Per protocol, testing conducted using nonparametric methods for data that is not normally distributed.

POSEIDON: Primary safety endpoint in line with expectations

Primary safety endpoint (pivotal cohort N = 40):

- Combined rate of i) open surgical re-intervention due to pump system-related AE or to restore pump functionality, ii) pump explant (without replacement) due to pump system-related AE, or iii) pump system-related death from time of pump implant through 6 months post-implantation as adjudicated by the CEC
- No unanticipated adverse device effects
- Six primary safety events in line with expectations:
 - Wound erosion alfapump explant
 3 in 3 patients
 - Patient-reported discomfort alfapump explant 3 in 3 patients CEC: moderate severity

"The safety data regarding the primary safety endpoint are in line with expectations and reassuring for the potential of the alfapump as a long-term treatment in this patient population"

– Dr. Wong, Principal Investigator POSEIDON

North American alfapump approval expected in 2024

2022	2023	2024
Completion ✓ Primary ✓ alfapump endpoint implants readout	POSEIDON	Secondary endpoint readout
	PMA submission	US Launch
US Commercial Scale-Up	Head of N. America	Clinical Sales specialists Reps



NTAP for breakthrough devices de-risks reimbursement in key Medicare population*

Large and growing North American patient population

NASH is forecast to drive significant growth for many years – and changing attitudes to cirrhosis

North American patients with recurrent or refractory ascites due to liver cirrhosis



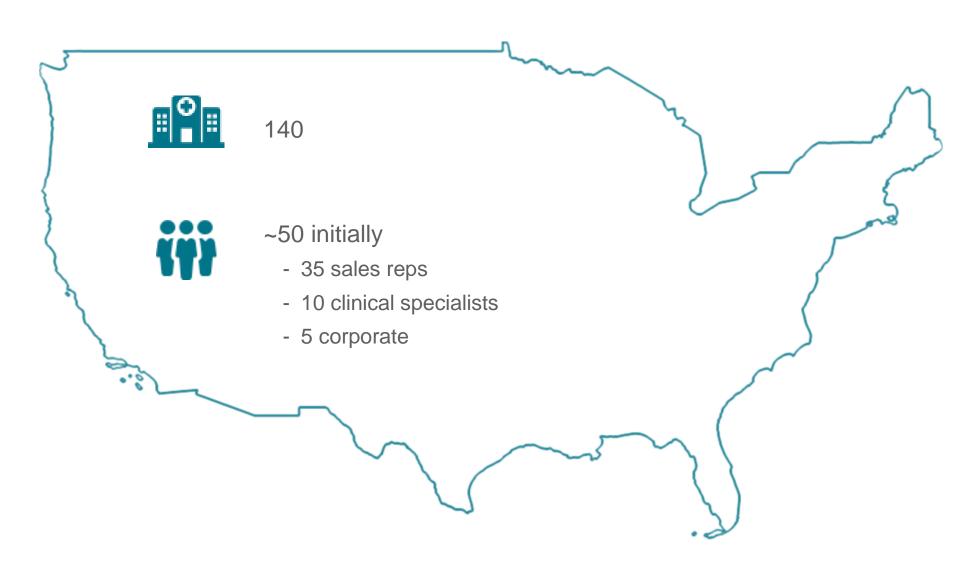
- NASH is a key driver of growth, with alcohol continuing to play an important role
- Estimated incidence of 60%
- Market potential growing to over \$2 billion by 2032*
- US and Canada market assessment conducted by highly experienced international consulting group
 - Claims analysis for commercial and CMS patients requiring paracentesis procedure with liver disease diagnosis codes





US – Go direct to 140 liver transplant centers

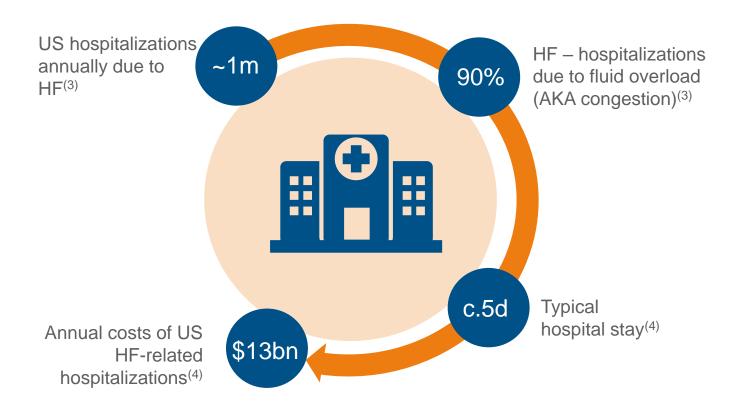
Highly efficient approach to target doctors and patients – driven by treatment guidelines





Congestion is driver of morbidity and hospitalization

Diuretic-resistance is common and there are few effective clinical alternatives



- 40% of heart failure patients on IV loop diuretics have a poor response⁽¹⁾
- 24% re-admission rate at 30 days⁽²⁾

Direct Sodium Removal (DSR)

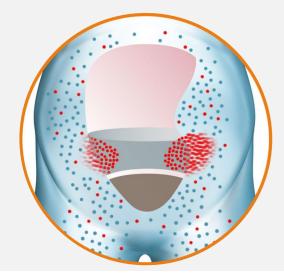
Eliminating fluid spread across the body – working in partnership with the kidneys



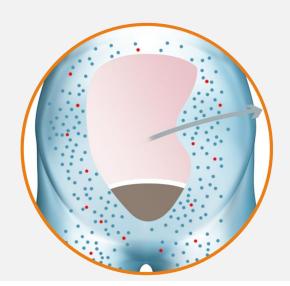




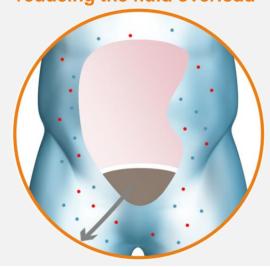
- 1 Sodium-free DSR product administered to peritoneal cavity
- 2 Sodium diffuses from body into DSR product



3 DSR product + extracted sodium removed from body



Body eliminates free water to restore sodium balance, reducing the fluid overload



water

RED DESERT: Successful proof-of-concept study

8 euvolemic HF patients on high dose diuretics treated with DSR 3x per week up to 6 weeks

Highly effective management of fluid and sodium balance

Generally safe and well tolerated; no clinically relevant hyponatremia

Significant improvement in cardio-renal status

- 30% decrease* in NT-proBNP** (p<0.001)
- 22% increase* in eGFR** (p<0.001)

Dramatic and sustained improvement in diuretic response***

Over 150% increase** in six hour excretion of sodium.

No congestion-related heart failure re-hospitalizations

Heart Failure 2021

"Simultaneous normalization of diuretic response and improvement in cardio-renal status is a never before seen treatment effect" – Dr. Testani, Yale

^{*} Paired statistical analysis of patients with baseline and D42 value (N=7); ** mean value; ***assessed by 6-hour excretion of sodium after IV administration of 40mg furosemide NT-proBNP: N-terminal-pro hormone B-type Natriuretic Peptide (analysed in local lab); eGFR: estimated glomerular filtration rate

SAHARA: Expanding into decompensated patients

10 evaluable diuretic-resistant HF patients with persistent congestion on 2-6 weeks of intensive DSR therapy¹

Safely, effectively and rapidly eliminate persistent congestion & restore euvolemia

- All patients achieved euvolemia within one week of intensive DSR therapy
- Weight loss* of 7kg vs. baseline at end of intensive DSR therapy & no clinically relevant hyponatremia

Considerably benefit cardio-renal status

- More than 30% reduction* in NT-proBNP
- Stable eGFR despite dramatic fluid loss

Dramatic and sustained improvement in diuretic response**

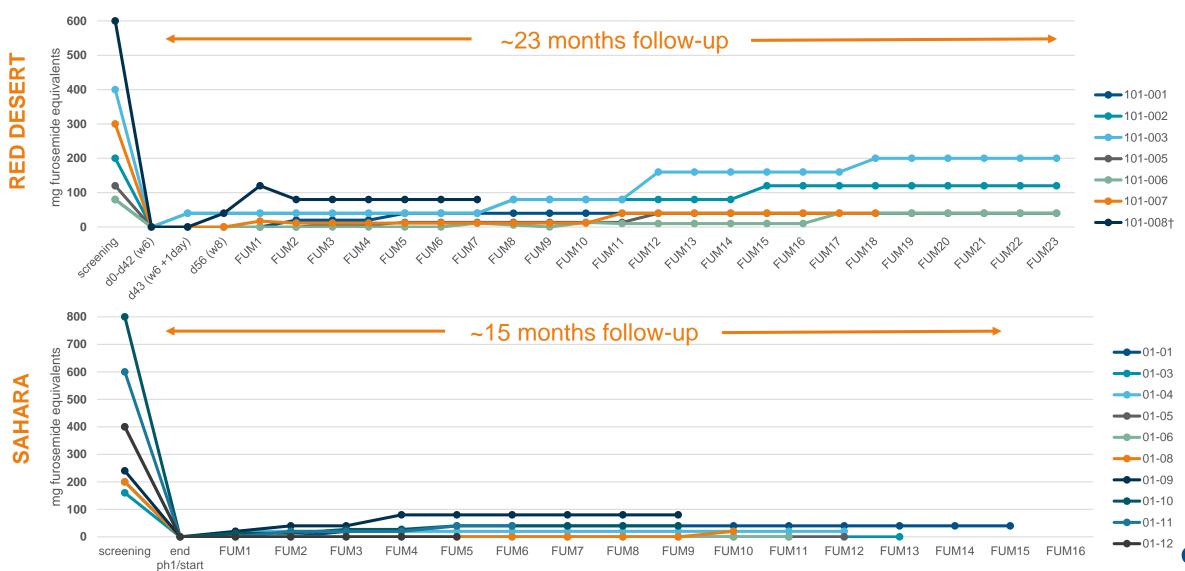
End of intensive DSR therapy: more than 160% increase* (near normal levels)

No congestion-related heart failure re-hospitalizations

"The SAHARA results are highly encouraging and indicate the potential for DSR therapy to deliver clinically meaningful decongestion and durable improvements in cardio-renal function and thus diuretic response" – Dr. Testani, Yale

Long-term & major reduction in loop diuretic dosing

Clear demonstration of improvement in cardio-renal health – driving improved clinical outcomes



ph2

Consistently improved NYHA class at least one level



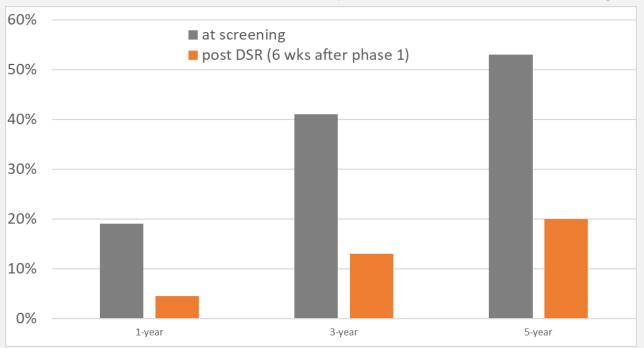
^{*} Post DSR = end of phase 1 (6w) in RED DESERT and day 42 in SAHARA

Note: data on NYHA classification collected outside study protocols of RED DESERT and SAHARA

Strong reduction in predicted mortality

Over 75% reduction in predicted one-year mortality based on Seattle Heart Failure Model*

- Seattle Heart Failure Model is a highly validated model to predict survival in heart failure
 - Validated in approx. 10,000 heart failure patients in over 46 countries with >17,000 person-years follow-up
 - Excellent accuracy, with predicted vs. actual one-year survival rate of respect. 90.5% vs. 88.5%
- Substantial reduction in overall predicted mortality post DSR* vs. screening, at 1y, 3y and 5y:



^{*} Predicted one-year survival analysis using Seattle Heart Failure Model with seven patients from RED DESERT and ten patients from SAHARA pre- and post-intensive DSR therapy. Analysis includes physician-assessed data collected post hoc.

^{**} Post DSR = 6 weeks after phase 1 (phase 1 = 6th week in RED DESERT; 2nd, 4th or 6th week in SAHARA)

Sequana

Moving to proprietary DSR 2.0

Improved clinical and safety profile driving high margin recurring revenue stream

DSR 1.0 Sodium-free D10% (off-the-shelf)

- ✓ Clinical proof-of-concept
- ✓ Rapid clinical path
- Therapeutic profile / Ease of use
- Safety profile

RED DESERT – SAHARA



DSR 2.0 Sodium-free dextrose / icodextrin (proprietary)

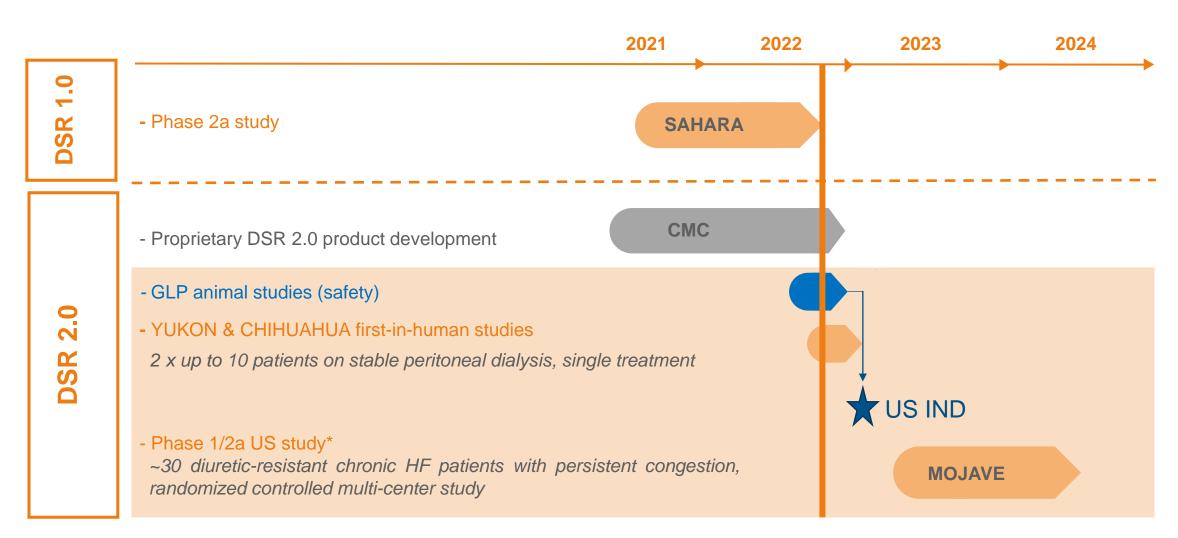
- ✓ Improved therapeutic profile
- ✓ Favorable safety profile
- ✓ Strong granted IP position in US & Europe
 - "Low or no sodium drug for the treatment of heart failure"
 - Drives recurring revenue from high gross margin consumable
- First-in-human insights with single DSR treatment in up to 20 patients – safety and dosing
- Preparations US IND filing ongoing to start Phase 1/2a MOJAVE study in H1 2023

YUKON – CHIHUAHUA – MOJAVE



MOJAVE as package for DSR partnering

Leveraging the strengths of established HF player to realise commercial potential of DSR



^{*} Description and timing of this study is subject to change and/or feedback from applicable regulatory authorities **GLP**: Good Laboratory Practice

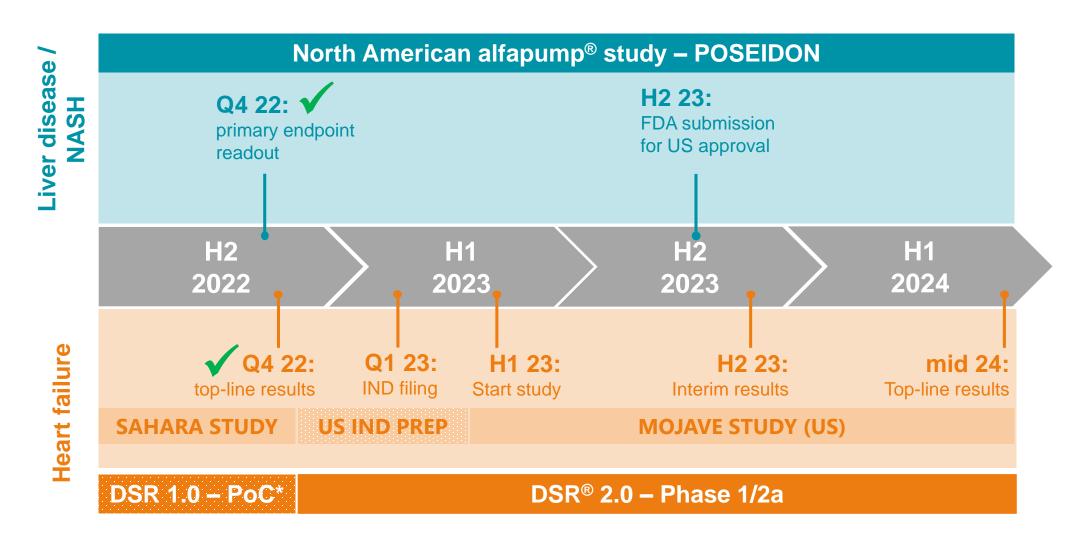
Multi-billion market opportunity

Delivering value through reduced hospitalization and improved survival

- ~400K chronically congested HF patients hospitalized per year in the US and EU ("frequent flyers")
 - High cost patients with major burden on healthcare systems, payors and patients
- Value based pricing of DSR drug driven by:
 - ⇒ Reduction in re-hospitalization ~\$40K annual HF hospitalization cost per patient
 - ⇒ Increase in survival (gain in quality-adjusted life-year, "QALY")



Strong outlook for value drivers



Note: Description and timing of these studies are subject to change and/or feedback from applicable regulatory authorities

Strongly positioned for growth in both our markets



alfapump® in liver disease – market potential growing to over \$2 billion by 2032⁽¹⁾

- NASH is changing liver cirrhosis market and driving strong growth
- FDA breakthrough device status / Strong IP portfolio
- North American pivotal study reported strong primary endpoint data
- North American approval expected in 2024 / Go direct to 140 liver transplant centres



DSR® in heart failure – multi-billion market opportunity

- Disease-modifying heart failure drug therapy
- Clinical proof-of-concept with DSR 1.0 Important and durable clinical benefits
- Transitioning to proprietary DSR 2.0 Low development risk, improved profile & strong IP
- Establish partnership based on MOJAVE; Phase 1/2a randomized controlled US study

Contact info

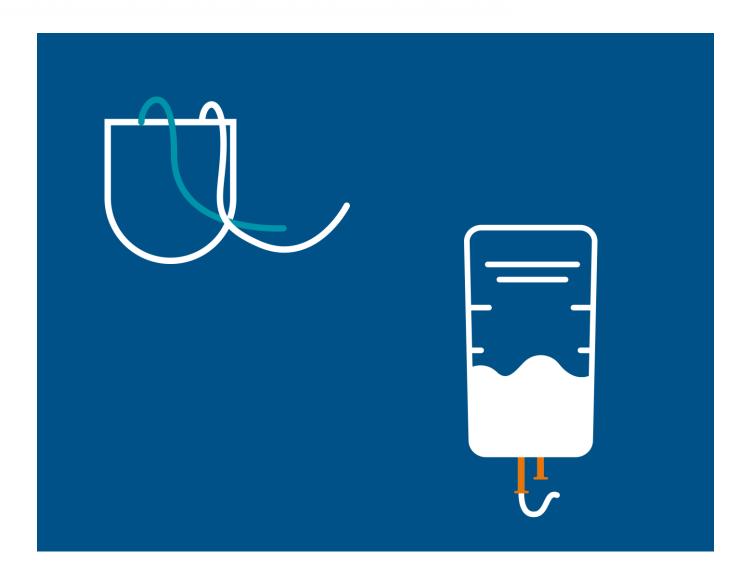
IR@sequanamedical.com

+32 498 053579

www.sequanamedical.com

sequanamedical

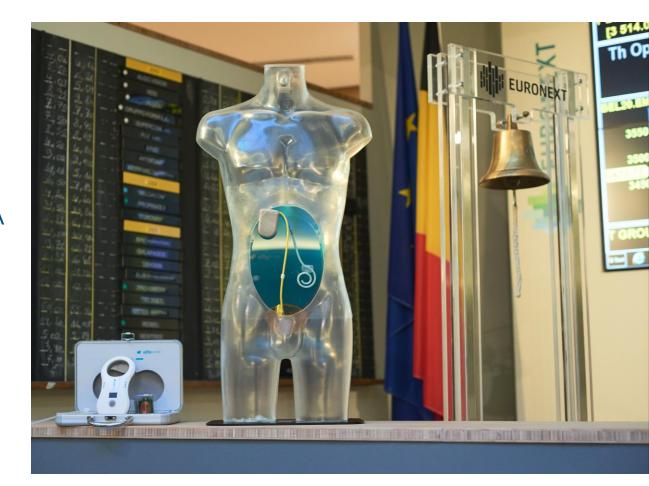
sequanamedical



Back-up

Sequana Medical NV

- Founded in 2006
- Gent, Belgium (HQ): corporate, clinical, commercial
- Zurich, Switzerland: manufacturing, engineering, QA/RA
- >60 employees
- Euronext Brussels: SEQUA



Strong organisation

Highly experienced leadership team supported by committed and well-reputed shareholders

Executive team:



lan Crosbie Chief Executive Officer



Kirsten Van BockstaeleChief Financial Officer



Oliver Gödje Chief Medical Officer



Dragomir Lakic VP Manufacturing



Gijs Klarenbeek Senior Medical Advisor



Martijn Blom Chief Commercial Officer



Timur Resch Global VP QM/QA/RA



Andreas Wirth VP Engineering

Board of Directors:



Pierre Chauvineau Board Chairman



lan Crosbie
Chief Executive Officer



Wim Ottevaere
Director



Jackie Fielding
Director



Rudy Dekeyser Director



Doug Kohrs
Director

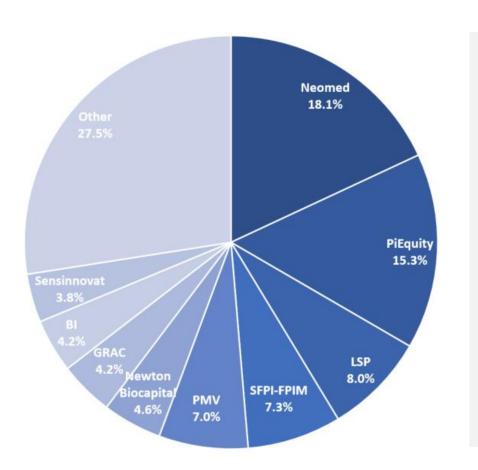


Alex Clyde
Director

Shareholders base and financial overview

Ticker: SEQUA - Euronext Brussels

- Outstanding shares: 23.7M
- Outstanding shares corresponding to outstanding share options: 2.7M



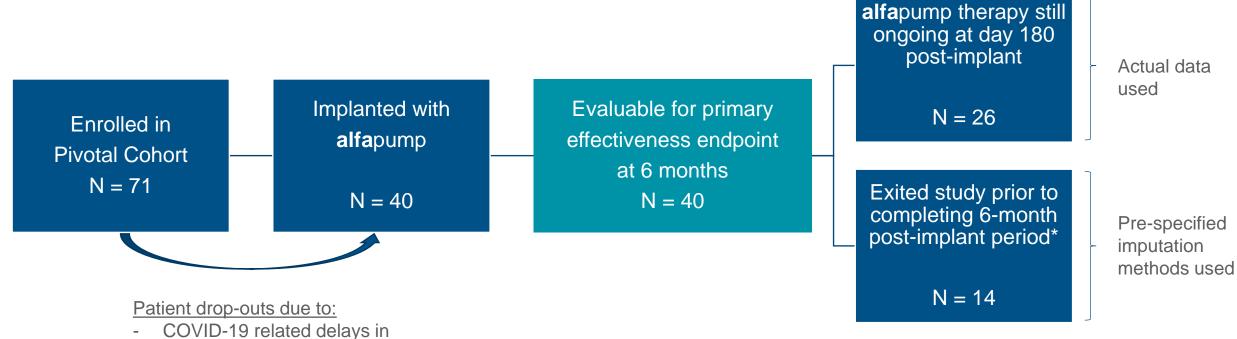
Analysts:

- Degroof Petercam Laura Roba
- Edison Pooya Hemami
- H.C. Wainwright Yi Chen
- KBC Securities Jeroen Van den Bossche
- Kempen Suzanne van Voorthuizen
- Kepler Cheuvreux Arsene Guekam
- Cash (30 June 2022): €23.8M
- Loan facility with Kreos Capital (July 2022): €10M
- Cash runway into Q3 2023



POSEIDON - Pivotal cohort

More than 1/3 of patients implanted with the alfapump® had NASH or combined NASH etiology



- elective surgery
- Not meeting inclusion criteria at time of implant decision

- * Reasons for exiting study:
- death or withdrawal due to unrelated AE. liver transplant (N=8)
- alfapump system, procedure or therapy related AE (N=6)



POSEIDON: Observed data from patients completing alfapump® therapy through day 180 post-implant*

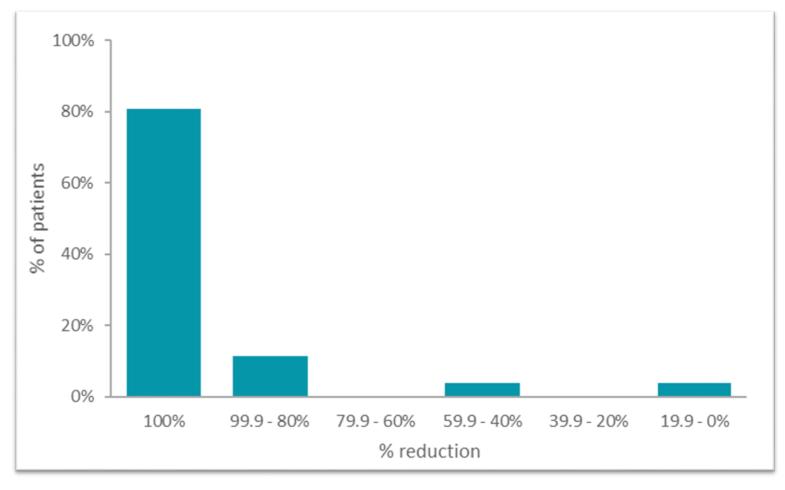
N = 26	%
1. Frequency of TPa. median per-patient ratiob. mean per-patient ratio	100% reduction 93% reduction
Proportion of patients with a 50% reduction in number of TP post- vs pre-implantation	92% of patients

^{*} These observed patient data are not part of the main primary effectiveness endpoint analysis.



POSEIDON: Observed data from patients completing alfapump® therapy through day 180 post-implant*

Distribution of reduction in Therapeutic Paracentesis post-implant vs pre-implant (N = 26)



^{*} These observed patient data are not part of the main primary effectiveness endpoint analysis.



Roll-In Cohort: Patient profile

26 patients with recurrent or refractory ascites

10.3 ± 3.9	
10.5 ± 5.9	
- 50.0%	
- 23.1%	
- 3.8%	
- 11.5%	
- 3.8%	
- 3.8%	
- 3.8%	
3.8 ± 1.4	
	- 23.1% - 3.8% - 11.5% - 3.8% - 3.8% - 3.8%

N. American patients are treated early in their disease

NASH is becoming a major driver of ascites market

Higher number of TP compared to Europe



Roll-In Cohort: Clinically important improvement in quality of life maintained up to 12 months

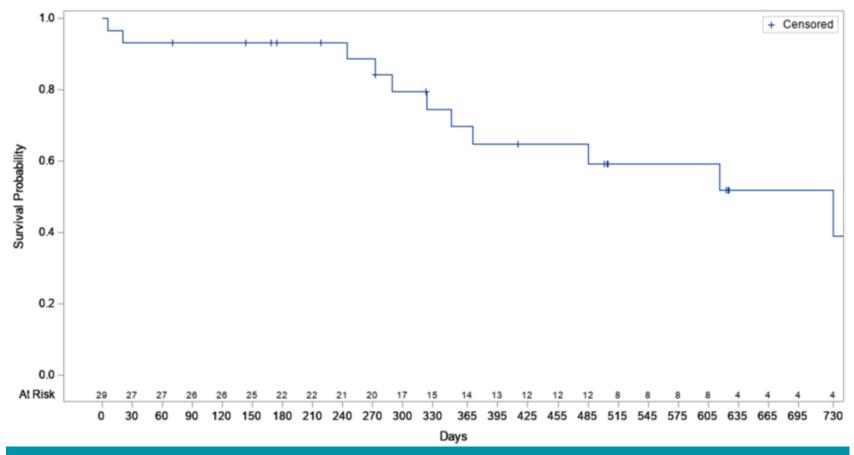


^{*} Clinically important improvement: exceeding the threshold for Minimal Clinically Important Difference



Interim POSEIDON: 70% survival at 12 months*

Compares favourably to published literature



Published literature cited in AASLD practice guidelines: survival rate for refractory ascites patients of only 50% at 12 months¹



Leading experts as Heart Failure Scientific Advisors



Dr. Maria Rosa Costanzo

Medical Director of the Edward Center for Advanced Heart Failure Medical Director Heart Failure Research for the Advocate Heart Institute



Dr. Wilson Tang

Professor of Medicine at Cleveland Clinic Lerner College of Medicine at Case Western Reserve University



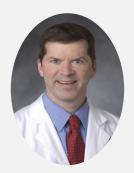
Dr. Javed Butler

Professor and Chairman of the Department of Medicine at the University of Mississippi Medical Center



Dr. Jeffrey Testani

Associate Professor of Medicine and Director of Heart Failure Research at Yale University School of Medicine



Dr. Michael Felker

Professor of Medicine in the Division of Cardiology at Duke University School of Medicine Director of Cardiovascular Research at the Duke Clinical Research Institute and Vice-Chief for Clinical Research in the Division of Cardiology

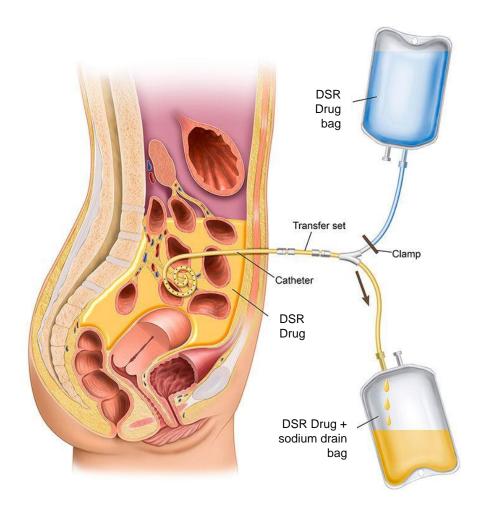


Dr. Udelson

Chief of the Division of Cardiology at Tufts Medical Center Professor of Medicine and Radiology at Tufts University School of Medicine



DSR® therapy treatment overview



Step 1: Peritoneal catheter placement

Step 2: DSR treatment episode

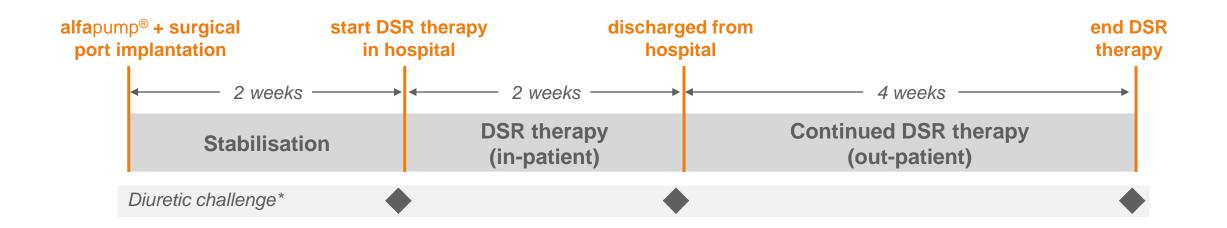
- 1. Infusion of DSR Drug
- 2. 24 hour dwell
- 3. Drainage
- Week 1: 5x DSR therapy
- Week 2-4: 3x/week DSR therapy

Step 3: Catheter removal



RED DESERT – The first repeated DSR® therapy study

Repeated dose proof-of-concept study of alfapump DSR® in stable heart failure patients on high dose diuretics



Study Endpoints

• **Primary:** absence/rate of device, procedure and/or therapy related serious adverse events

• **Secondary:** ability of the **alfa**pump DSR to maintain a neutral sodium balance in the absence of diuretic therapy and the sustained effect of DSR to maintain euvolemia

• **Exploratory:** impact of DSR to restore response to diuretics following DSR treatment



RED DESERT: Highly effective management of fluid & sodium

No loop diuretics required during study despite mean baseline dose of >300 mg/day furosemide equivalents

	Ejection Fraction (%)	NT-proBNP (pg/mL)	Daily Dose of loop diuretics (mg)**	
Subject	At baseline	At baseline	At baseline	During DSR Treatment (D0 - 42)
101-001	26	6,110	80	0
101-002	27	2,863	200	0
101-003	28	1,536	400	0
101-005	25	1,628	120	0
101-006*	23	1,963	80	0
101-007*	26	5,927	300	0
101-008*	20	7,853	600	0
101-009†	20	8,831	800	0
Mean (± SD)	24 ± 3	4,589 ± 2,945	323 ± 263	

Study recruited severely ill heart failure patients on very high doses of oral loop diuretics

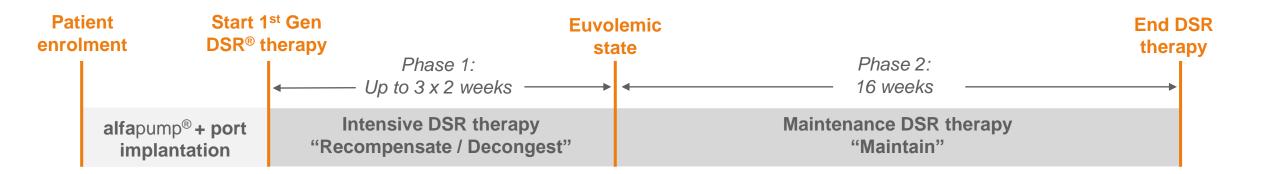
^{*} in follow-up extension with DSR; † subject 101-009 died at D3

^{**} loop diuretics in furosemide equivalents (mg)



SAHARA: Ph. 2a in target patient population

Decompensated heart failure patients with persistent congestion on high dose diuretics



Study Endpoints

• **Primary:** safety and tolerability of **alfa**pump DSR® therapy

• Secondary: feasibility of DSR therapy to restore and maintain euvolemia without additional loop diuretics



SAHARA: Safety

No clinically relevant changes in serum sodium levels or progressive hyponatremia

- 3 SAEs in 3 patients:
 - Blocked peritoneal catheter (phase 2)

2 in 2 patients DMC: related to study device but unrelated to implant procedure or treatment

Stable angina (extension) – ongoing

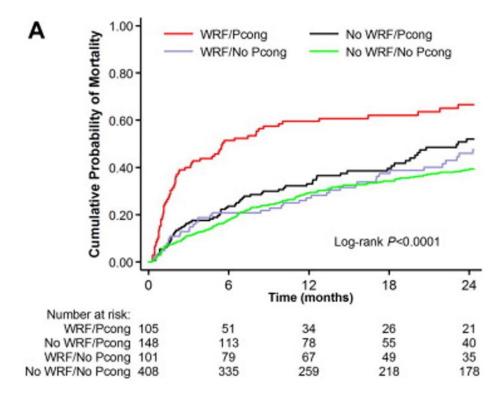
- 1 in 1 patient
- DMC: unrelated to study device, implant procedure or treatment

No SAEs related to implant procedure or DSR treatment



Persistent congestion and Worsening renal function

Persistent congestion and worsening renal function are key targets in decompensated heart failure



Wattad et al, American Journal of Cardiology, 2015: interaction between worsening renal function and persistent congestion in acute decompensated heart failure (study of 762 patients)

Evaluating potential for DSR® in renal failure

Complementary opportunity leveraging heart failure programme capabilities

- Like heart failure, kidney failure / dialysis is one of the leading burdens for healthcare systems and carries a high mortality / morbidity burden
- Hemodialysis seeks to tackle two different challenges removal of uremic toxins as well as managing the sodium and fluid balance creating clinical and economic challenges
- DSR therapy has the potential to more effectively manage the fluid and sodium balance of this large patient group
 - ⇒ Leveraging all of our experience from congestion / fluid overload in heart failure
- We are exploring the potential of DSR in this large and important patient group, potentially reducing hospitalisations, the cost and burden of hemodialysis therapy as well as mortality
 - ⇒ Supporting work of Dr McIntyre (Lawson Health Research Institute, Ontario, Canada): evaluating the use of DSR therapy in effective volume management and sodium removal in prevalent hemodialysis patients (NCT04603014)